Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (original) A solution comprising about 0.01 to 0.05 mg/mL of tenecteplase in sterile water for injection or bacteriostatic water for injection and normal saline.
- 2. (original) The solution of claim 1 wherein the tenecteplase is in a concentration of about 0.01 to 0.04 mg/mL.
- 3. (original) The solution of claim 1 wherein the tenecteplase is in a concentration of about 0.01 to 0.03 mg/mL.
- 4. (original) The solution of claim 1 wherein the tenecteplase is in a concentration of about 0.01 to 0.02 mg/mL.
- 5. (original) The solution of claim 1 wherein the tenecteplase is in a concentration of about 0.01 to 0.015 mg/mL.
- 6. (original) The solution of claim 1 wherein the tenecteplase is in sterile water for injection.
- 7. (original) A catheter comprising the solution of claim 1.
- 8. (currently amended) A method for treating a pathological collection of a fibrin-rich fluid comprising exposing the fluid to an effective amount of [a] the solution comprising about 0.01 to 0.05 mg/mL of tenecteplase in sterile water for injection or bacteriostatic water for injection and normal saline of claim 1.
- 9. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the tenecteplase is in sterile water for injection.

- 10. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the fluid is exposed in vivo or ex vivo.
- 11. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the pathological collection is contained within a catheter.
- 12. (original) The method of claim 11 wherein the catheter is flushed with the solution.
- 13. (original) The method of claim 12 wherein the catheter is contacted with the solution for at least about five days to remove fibrin-bound blood clots.
- 14. (original) The method of claim 8 wherein the fluid is exposed *in vivo* by administration to a mammal.
- 15. (original) The method of claim 14 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 14 further comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a co-agent for treating the pathological collection.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 14 wherein the pathological collection being treated is sepsis or acute respiratory distress.
- 18. (original) The method of claim 14 wherein the pathological collection is contained within a catheter.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 18 wherein the pathological collection being treated is peripheral thrombosis and the catheter is indwelling.
- 20. (currently amended) A method for treating peripheral thrombosis in a mammal comprising delivering to the mammal via a catheter an effective amount of [a] the solution comprising about 0.01 to 0.05 mg/mL of tenecteplase in sterile water for injection or bacteriostatic water for injection and normal saline of claim 1.

- 21. (original) The method of claim 20 wherein the catheter is placed in a blood clot in the mammal.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 20 further comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a co-agent for treating the thrombosis.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 22 wherein the co-agent is a blood thinner, antiplatelet drug, or anti-coagulant drug.
- 24. (original) The method of claim 23 wherein the co-agent is heparin, warfarin, aspirin, tissue-plasminogen activator, urokinase, reteplase, or a glycoprotein (GP) IIb/IIIa platelet receptor antagonist.
- 25. (original) The method of claim 24 wherein the co-agent is abciximab, eptifibatide, tirofiban hydrochloride, heparin, or warfarin.
- 26. (original) The method of claim 25 wherein the co-agent is administered via infusion or orally.

Claims 27-35 (cancelled)